## Overview



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14
Autumn	Getting to Know You				It's Me 1 2 3!		Light and Dark		Consolidation					
Spring	Al	ive in	5!		rowin 6, 7, 8	•		uildin and 1		Consolidation				
Summer	// 155	20 a Beyon		Fir	st Th Now	en		On The Move						

## Autumn



Week Week Week 1 2 3		Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Getting to Know You	Phase	Just Like Me!			lt's Me 1 2 3!		Light and Dark			
Opportunities for settling in, introducing the areas of provision and getting to know the children.	Number		tch and S pare Amo		Representing 1, 2 & 3 Comparing 1, 2 & 3 Composition of 1, 2 & 3		Representing Numbers to 5. One More and Less.			
Key times of day, class routines. Exploring the continuous provision inside and out. Where do things belong? Positional language.	Measure, Shape and Spatial Thinking		are Size, N Capacity oring Pat			s and Tria onal Lan	•	Shape	es with 4 Time	Sides.

## Spring



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9
Phase	Alive in 5!			Growing 6, 7, 8			Building 9 & 10		
Number	Compai	roducing z ring numb position of	ers to 5		6,7&8 ining2an 1aking pai		, ,		
Measure, Shape and Spatial Thinking		npare Mas are Capad		Ler	Length & Height Time			3d-shape: Patterns	S

## Summer



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Phase	To 20 and Beyond		I First Then Now I		Find my Pattern		On the Move					
Number	B Cour	eyond 1	Patterns Taking Away		Doubling Sharing & Grouping Even & Odd		ouping	Und Pa	eepenir Jerstand tterns a lationsh	ding nd		
Spatial Thinking	Ma	l Reasor Itch, Rota Ianipulat	Rotate,		Reason mpose a ecompos	and		Reason	•		l Reason Mapping	

EYFS Progression Map (White Rose Maths)									
Term	Nursery	Reception	Vocabulary	Method and Resources					
Autumn 1	30-50 months:  - Recites numbers in order to 10 - Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set - Realises not only objects but anything can be counted - Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures - Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly - Counting back from 5 - Compares 2 groups of objects, saying when they have the same number	- Counts actions or objects to 5 then to 10 - Counts out up to 5 then 10 objects from a larger group - Counts in a regular arrangement of up to 5 then 10 objects - Forms numbers to 5 then 10 correctly - Matches the number name, numeral or number word to the quantity of a set of things to 5 then 10 - Counting back from 5 then 10 - Uses the language of more and fewer to compare 2 sets of objects - Says the number that is one more than a given number to 5 then 10 Finds one more or one less from a group of up to 5 then 10 objects	As many as, the same as, equal to, more than, less than, more, fewer, compare, greatest, smallest	- Flashcards to 10 - Word cards to 10 - Five frames - Ten frames - Puppets to reinforce the concept - Number lines to 10					
Autumn 2	30-50 months:	40-60 months:	As many as, the same as, equal	- Part/Part/Whole Method					
			to, more than, less than, more,	- 2 and 3 make 5					
	- Recites numbers in order to 10	- In practical activities and	fewer, add, subtract, minus,	- Quantities on plates to					
	- Knows that numbers identify	discussion, begin to use the	plus, addition and subtraction,	add together					
	how many objects are in a set	vocabulary involved in adding	altogether, count on, count	- Pictures to reinforce the					

	- Realises not only objects but anything can be counted - Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures - Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly - Counting back from 5 - Compares 2 groups of objects, saying when they have the same number	and subtracting - Begin to identify own mathematical problems based on interests and fascinations - Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them	back, part/part/whole.	word problem to solve the addition/subtraction
Shape Space and Measure	30-50 months:	40-60 months:	Taller, shorter, tallest,	
			shortest, square, triangle,	
	- Shows an interest in shape	- Using mathematical names to	rectangle, circle, length,	
	and space by playing with	describe shapes	height, positions first to	
	shapes or making arrangements	- Selects a named shape	tenth, next to, between,	
	with objects	- Describe position such as	last	
	- Shows awareness of	'behind' and 'next to'		
	similarities of shapes in the	- Orders items by length or		
	environment	height		
	- Uses positional language	- Orders by weight or capacity		
	- Shows interest in shape by	- Uses shapes to create patterns		
	sustained construction activity	- Uses everyday language		
	or by talking about shapes or	related to time		
	arrangements	- Uses everyday language		
	- Shows interest in shapes in	related to money		
	the environment	- Sequences events		
	- Uses shapes appropriately for	- Measures short periods of		
	tasks	time		
	- Beginning to talk about the			
	shapes of everyday objects, e.g. 'round' and 'tall'			
Spring 1	30-50 months:	ELG:	As many as, the same as,	- Flashcards to 15

Counting to 20 - Writing to 20 - Comparing Numbers to 20 - Ordering Numbers - Number Pattern	- Count reliably up to 5 things - Compare quantities of two sets using language such as more or less.  - Recognise that the quantity of a set of things is the same - Recognise numerals 1 to 10 - Begins to show interest in representing numbers 40-60 months: - Counts out up to 5 then 10 objects from a larger group - Recognises numerals of personal significance Begins to estimate how many objects they can see - In practical activities and discussion begin to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting.	- Counts actions or objects to 10 then to 15 - Counts out up to 10 then 15 objects from a larger group - Counts in a regular arrangement of up to 10 then 15 objects - Forms numbers to 10 then 15 correctly - Matches the number name, numeral or number word to the quantity of a set of things to 10 then 15 - Counting back from 10 then 15 - Uses the language of more and fewer to compare 2 sets of objects - Says the number that is one more than a given number to 10 then 15 - Finds one more or one less from a group of up to 10 then 15 objects	equal to, more than, less than, more, fewer, compare, greatest, smallest.	- Word cards to 15 - Five frames - Ten frames - Puppets to reinforce the concept - Number lines to 15 - Square tiles to mo
Spring 2 -Completing Number Sentences		<ul><li>ELG:</li><li>- Solve doubling problems -</li><li>Solve halving problems - Solve</li></ul>	As many as, the same as, equal to, more than, less than, more, fewer, add, subtract, minus, plus,	- Square tiles to model numbers to 15

Summer 1 and 2	40-60 months:	sharing problems  ELG:	addition and subtraction, altogether, count on, count back, part/part/whole As many as, the same as,	Cubes and 10 frames
Summer 1 and 2	- In practical activities and discussion, begin to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting - Begin to identify own mathematical problems based on interests and fascinations - Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them	- Counts actions or objects to 10 then to 20 - Counts out up to 10 then 20 objects from a larger group - Counts in a regular arrangement of up to 10 then 20 objects - Forms numbers to 10 then 20 correctly - Matches the number name, numeral or number word to the quantity of a set of things to 10 then 20 - Counting back from 10 then 20 - Uses the language of more and fewer to compare 2 sets of objects - Says the number that is one more than a given number to 10 then 20 - Finds one more or one less from a group of up to 10 then 20 objects	As many as, the same as, equal to, more than, less than, more, fewer, add, subtract, minus, plus, addition and subtraction, altogether, count on, count back, picture problems, number stories, part/part/whole.	- Same colour resources - Part, part, whole
Summer 2	40-60 months:	ELG:	Taller, shorter, tallest, shortest,	Repeating patterns
Shape, Space and	- Recognise the four basic	- Uses everyday language	square, triangle, rectangle, circle, length, height, positions	<ul><li>Everyday objects</li><li>Spotting shapes in pictures</li></ul>
Space and	- veroginse the rout pasic	- Oses everyuay language	circle, length, height, positions	- Spotting snapes in pictures

Measure	shapes	relating to size	first to tenth, last, next to,	- Organising by properties
	(i.e. circle, square, rectangle	- Uses everyday language	between, left, right.	- Tracing shapes
	and	relating to weight		- Organising by shape
	triangle)	- Uses everyday language		names
	- Selects a particular named	relating to capacity		- Grouping by shape
	shape	- Uses everyday language		- Grouping by colour
	- Orders two or three objects by	relating to position		- Generating grouping
	length or height	- Uses everyday language		ideas
	- Uses familiar objects to create	relating to distance		- Size and shape patterns
	and recreate patterns and build	- Uses everyday language		
	models	relating to time		
		- Uses everyday language		
		relating to money		
		- (to compare quantities and		
		objects to solve problems)		
		- Recognise characteristics of		
		everyday objects		
		- Explore characteristics of		
		everyday objects and shapes		
		- Use mathematical language to		
		describe them		